- ((0.00.0					
	L#	Hits	Search Text	DBs	Time Stamp
1	L1	918	435/7.23.ccls.	USPA T	2001/09/10 06:44
2	L2	1155	435/7.9.ccls.	USPA T	2001/09/10 06:44
3	L3	1856	435/7.92.ccls.	USPA T	2001/09/10 06:44
4	L4	478	436/64.ccls.	USPA T	2001/09/10 06:44
5	L5	287	436/503.ccls.	USPA T	2001/09/10 06:44
6	L6	3615	1 or 2 or 3 or 4 or 5	USPA T	2001/09/10 06:45
7	L8	0	das adj 1	USPA T	2001/09/10 06:45
8	L7	3	gastric adj intestinal adj metaplasia	USPA T	2001/09/10 06:46
9	L10	0	6 and 9	USPA T	2001/09/10 06:46
10	L9	16	das1		2001/09/10 06:46

09/10/2001, EAST Version: 1.02.0008

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7/9/11
         (Item 11 from file: 155)
DIALOG(R) File 155: MEDLINE(R)
06042776
           85183832
                      PMID: 2580883
Optimal immunoreactivity of keratin proteins in formalin-fixed, paraffin
                                  preliminary trypsinization . An
-embedded
            tissue requires
 immunoperoxidase study of various tumours using polyclonal and monoclonal
antibodies.
  Pinkus GS; O'Connor EM; Etheridge CL; Corson JM
  journal of histochemistry and cytochemistry (UNITED STATES)
                                                                 May 1985,
33 (5) p465-73, ISSN 0022-1554 Journal Code: IDZ
 Languages: ENGLISH
  Document type: Journal Article
  Record type: Completed
  Subfile: INDEX MEDICUS
The effect of preliminary trypsinization on the immunoreactivity of keratin proteins in formalin-fixed, paraffin -embedded tissues of a
                          (squamous cell carcinomas, adenocarcinomas,
          of
               tumors
mesotheliomas, and transitional cell carcinomas) was evaluated. Three types
of trypsin (Type II and Type IX porcine trypsin and Type III bovine
          ) and varying concentrations of trypsin were assessed.
 trypsin
                                              was determined using rabbit
Immunoreactivity of keratin proteins
anti-keratin antibodies and monoclonal antibodies (combination of AE1 and
AE3) and immunoperoxidase
                             techniques. Preliminary trypsinization was
mandatory for optimal immunoreactivity of keratin proteins using either
polyclonal or monoclonal antibodies. Excellent results were obtained using
Type II porcine trypsin at concentrations of 25 mg/dl for 30-45 min or 50
mg/dl for 20 min, at 37 degrees C. Trypsin treatment with excessive
concentrations of enzyme and/or extended incubation times promoted tissue
digestion and in some cases, yielded decreased immunoreactivity and altered
staining patterns.
  Tags: Animal; Female; Human
  Descriptors: Antibodies, Monoclonal--diagnostic use--DU; *Immunoenzyme
Techniques; *Keratin--analysis--AN; *Neoplasm Proteins--analysis--AN; *Staining and Labeling--methods--MT; *Trypsin --diagnostic use--DU;
Adenocarcinoma--metabolism--ME; Adenocarcinoma--pathology--PA; Carcinoma,
Squamous Cell--metabolism--ME; Carcinoma, Squamous Cell--pathology--PA; Carcinoma, Transitional Cell--metabolism--ME; Carcinoma, Transitional Cell
--pathology--PA; Cattle; Fixatives; Formaldehyde--diagnostic use--DU;
Mesothelioma--metabolism--ME;
                                    Mesothelioma--pathology--PA;
Proteins--metabolism--ME; Paraffin --diagnostic use--DU; Swine
  CAS Registry No.: 0 (Antibodies, Monoclonal); 0 (Fixatives); 0
                                    (Formaldehyde); 68238-35-7 (Keratin);
 (Neoplasm Proteins); 50-00-0
8002-74-2
           (Paraffin)
  Enzyme No.: EC 3.4.21.4
                              Trypsin )
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Record Date Created: 19850528